

#Jenny



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Cool! I'am really happy

#Markus Jensen



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#Diego Butler



so many fake sites. this is the first one which worked! Many thanks

Clinical Case Discussion 23			
	Closed (Fig. 1.45)	Open	Strain (indirect)
Features	The capsule and supporting ligament and joint capsule are continuous with the surrounding tissues. There is no communication between the joint and the external space.	The synovial membrane, ligaments, and joint capsule are not continuous with the surrounding tissues. There is a communication between the joint and the external space.	The synovial membrane, ligaments, and joint capsule are not continuous with the surrounding tissues. There is a communication between the joint and the external space.
Mean joint pressure	Negative (due to atmospheric pressure) or low (due to the negative pressure in the pleural cavity).	Mean (about pressure in atmosphere). Slightly negative (due to the negative pressure in the pleural cavity).	Mean (about pressure in atmosphere). Slightly positive (due to the positive pressure in the pleural cavity).
Causes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rupture of a rib or blade or impingement of a rib • COPD • Spontaneous due to congenital defect • Rupture of a rib or blade or impingement of a rib • Spontaneous due to congenital defect 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tuberculosis • Lung abscess • Pneumonia • Chest trauma • Spontaneous • Spontaneous • Lung infection 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Trauma • Chest trauma • Spontaneous • Spontaneous
Symptoms	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mild chest pain, no respiratory distress • Some patients may present with hemoptysis, fever, chills, and leukocytosis • Chest of 400 mmHg may be noted in severe cases 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • History of trauma with fracture • Pleural fluid present with cough, fever, respiratory distress, and chest pain • Some chest of 400 mmHg in the chest during (e.g. in hypotension) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The pleural cavity contains pleural fluid (e.g. of 400 mmHg, cough, respiratory distress, and chest pain) • Chest of 400 mmHg in the chest during (e.g. in hypotension) • Hypotension is shock and central cyanosis in the patient due to lack of oxygenation
Signs on the side involved	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reduced chest expansion • Shift of trachea and mediastinum to opposite side • Hyperresonance • Tinkling (hyperresonance) or absent • Crackles • Vocal fremitus and resonance are decreased • Can test a positive 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • History of chest trauma • Pleural fluid present • Crackles • Hyperresonance • Tinkling (hyperresonance) or absent • Crackles • Vocal fremitus and resonance are decreased • Can test a positive 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All signs of closed pneumothorax present • Crackles • Hyperresonance • Tinkling (hyperresonance) or absent • Crackles • Vocal fremitus and resonance are decreased • Can test a positive
Physical treatment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Observation of vital signs • Administer oxygen • Administer analgesics • Administer antibiotics • Administer corticosteroids • Administer diuretics • Administer antiemetics • Administer antidiarrheals • Administer antipruritics • Administer antispasmodics • Administer anticholinergics • Administer antihistamines • Administer antipsychotics • Administer antidepressants • Administer anticonvulsants • Administer antineoplastic agents • Administer antiparasitics • Administer antipneumonia agents • Administer antitubercular agents • Administer antiviral agents • Administer antifungal agents • Administer immunosuppressants • Administer immunomodulators • Administer immunostimulants • Administer immunosuppressants • Administer immunomodulators • Administer immunostimulants 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Water and drainage • Administer oxygen • Administer analgesics • Administer antibiotics • Administer corticosteroids • Administer diuretics • Administer antiemetics • Administer antispasmodics • Administer anticholinergics • Administer antihistamines • Administer antipsychotics • Administer antidepressants • Administer anticonvulsants • Administer antineoplastic agents • Administer antiparasitics • Administer antipneumonia agents • Administer antitubercular agents • Administer antiviral agents • Administer antifungal agents • Administer immunosuppressants • Administer immunomodulators • Administer immunostimulants • Administer immunosuppressants • Administer immunomodulators • Administer immunostimulants 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Immediate relief can be given by giving oxygen • Administer oxygen • Administer analgesics • Administer antibiotics • Administer corticosteroids • Administer diuretics • Administer antiemetics • Administer antispasmodics • Administer anticholinergics • Administer antihistamines • Administer antipsychotics • Administer antidepressants • Administer anticonvulsants • Administer antineoplastic agents • Administer antiparasitics • Administer antipneumonia agents • Administer antitubercular agents • Administer antiviral agents • Administer antifungal agents • Administer immunosuppressants • Administer immunomodulators • Administer immunostimulants • Administer immunosuppressants • Administer immunomodulators • Administer immunostimulants

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